Question		on	Answer	Max mark	Additional guidance
10.	(a)		A (central) positively charged nucleus.	2	Any two correct answers Independent marks
			(Negatively charged) electrons in (discrete energy levels/shells (orbiting the nucleus not radiating energy.) When an electron moves from one state t another, the energy lost or gained is don so ONLY in very specific amounts of energy	, , , ,	Accept: A clearly labelled diagram A (central) nucleus containing protons (and neutrons).
			Each line in a spectrum is produced when an electron moves from one energy level/orbit/shell to another.		Some indication of quantisation of energy
					Do not accept: Atom is mainly empty space. Nucleus is small compared to size of the atom. Any statement referring to photons and photon frequency is a consequence, not a feature.
	(b)		$E_2 - E_1 = hf$ $-1.36 \times 10^{-19} - (-5.45 \times 10^{-19}) = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \times f$ (1) $f = 6.17 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$ (1)	3	Accept: $6 \cdot 2$, $6 \cdot 169$, $6 \cdot 1689$ Accept: $(\Delta)E = hf$ or $E_3 - E_1 = hf$ for formula mark anywhere Accept: $5 \cdot 45 \times 10^{-19} - 1 \cdot 36 \times 10^{-19}$ $= 6 \cdot 63 \times 10^{-34} \times f$ for substitution mark Note: Correct $\Delta E = 4 \cdot 09 \times 10^{-19}$ (J)
					If $1 \cdot 36 \times 10^{-19} - 5 \cdot 45 \times 10^{-19}$ is shown for ΔE , maximum 1 mark for a correct formula.

Question			Answer		Max mark	Additional guidance	
10.	(c)		$z = \frac{\lambda_o - \lambda_r}{\lambda_r}$	(1)	5	Accept: 2·3, 2·287, 2·2866 $\lambda_{0} - \lambda_{r}$	
			$z = \frac{661 - 656}{656}$	(1)		$z = \frac{\lambda_o - \lambda_r}{\lambda_r}$ anywhere, 1 mark	
			$(z = 7 \cdot 62195122 \times 10^{-3})$			$z = \frac{v}{c}$ anywhere, 1 mark	
			$z = \frac{v}{c}$	(1)		anywhere, i mark	
			$7 \cdot 62195122 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{v}{3 \cdot 00 \times 10^{8}}$	(1)		Substitution of 3·00×10 ⁸	(1)
			$v = 2 \cdot 29 \times 10^6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	(1)		Alternative method: $\frac{v}{c} = \frac{\lambda_o - \lambda_r}{\lambda_r}$ $\frac{v}{3.00 \times 10^8} = \frac{661 - 656}{656}$	
						$v = 2.29 \times 10^6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	
						Substitution of wavelengths, Substitution of 3.00×108	(2) (1) (1) (1)